collected leaving a balance of Rs. 17,51,057 at the end of the year.

The percentage of total collections was 72·87 as against 70·16 during the previous year.

(ii) Mysore City Municipality.

328. Mysore City is situated at 12°18′ latitude and 76°42′ longitude at the north-west base of Chamundeswari Hills. Its height is 2,525 feet above the sea level. It has a bracing climate. The average rainfall is 27″.

329. The area of the city continued to be 14·43 Sq. miles.

330. The general health of the City was satisfactory during the year.

331. The incidence of small-pox and the number of vaccinations performed during the year were :—

	Small-pox		Vaccinations	
	Attacks	deaths	Primary	Re-vaccination
1957—58	181	111	13,073	1,72,633
1958—59	52	24	4,424	26,465
1959—60	9	1	6,282	25,425

332. The city was free from plague during the year. As an anti-plague measure, systematic cyanofumigation of rat burrows was done throughout the year. Plague.

333. The city was also free from cholera during the year. Cholera.

334. The number of cases of typhoid reported during the year from different parts of the city was 57 resulting in 36 deaths as against 44 attacks with 23 deaths during the previous year. Typhoid.

335. The comprehensive scheme for the prevention of Diphtheria among children has been in operation in the city from 1953. At present all the school children from 1 to 15 years of age group were being protected by "Triple Antigen" against Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus and 28, 221 children were given inoculations as against 19,284 in the previous year. Diphtheria.

336. One hundred and nineteen deaths due to tuberculosis were reported during the year. Tuberculosis.

337. A major portion of the Health budget was set apart for conservancy and sanitation.

LOCAL ADMN.

338. As a part of the National Malaria Eradication Programme, D.D.T. spraying of the houses in the city was taken up by the Department of Public Health.

339. Birth and deaths during the year were 8,358 and 3,414 respectively.

340. At the end of the year 76 Educational and 12 Charitable Institutions were supplied water at concessional rates.

341. The demand, collection and balance under all heads of revenue were :—

1	Demand including arrears ...	30,12,715
2.	Collection	25,75,169
3.	Balance	4,37,546

(iii) Davanagere City Municipality.

Area and population.

342. The total area of the City was 7·5 Sq. miles and the population, according to the census of 1951, was 56,048.

Houses and Sites.

343. The total number of houses and sites in Davanagere City were 14.706 (14,484) and 2,105 (3,057) respectively.

344. The City was free from small-pox, plague, influenza and cholera. Nevertheless as a precautionary measure cynofumigation of houses and godowns was carried out to prevent the outbreak of plague and influenza.

345. Altogether 3,083 (2,469) births and 998 (632) deaths were registered, the ratio being 55 per cent (44 per cent) and 17·84 per cent (11·6 per cent) respectively per thousand of population.

346. The Municipal High School continued to function with a strength of 355 (373) pupils on the roll during the year. An expenditure of Rs. 19,392 was incurred against a fee receipt of Rs. 8,400 (8,982).

347. *Underground Drainage Scheme*:—A comprehensive drainage scheme at an estimated cost of Rs. 10·23 lakhs was sanctioned during the year and the works were under progress, having incurred an outlay of 4 lakhs upto the end of the year.

Demand Collection and Balance.

348. The total demand of the Municipality including arrears under all heads was Rs. 12,21,180. Out of this a sum of Rs. 8,76,653 was collected leaving a balance of Rs. 3,44,527 at the end of the year.